**GRADE 11 – REVIEW (U4-U8)**

**PART I - Choose the word that has the underlined letter(s) pronounced differently from the rest**

**1.** **A.** fea**t**ure **B.** na**t**ure **C.** ques**t**ion **D.** na**t**ion

**2.** **A.** celebra**t**ion **B.** moun**t**ain **C.** hospi**t**al **D.** some**t**imes

**3.** **A. th**roughout **B.** bir**th** **C. th**us **D.** bo**th**

**4.** **A.** re**c**ite **B.** exer**c**ise **C.** va**c**ation **D.** pro**c**edure

**5.** **A.** ob**s**erve **B.** pre**s**ent **C.** spon**s**or **D.** enthu**s**iasm

**6.** **A.** smoo**th**ly **B.** nor**th**ern **C.** grow**th** **D.** me**th**od

**7.** **A.** congr**a**tulate **B.** perform**a**nce **C.** h**a**ndicapped **D. a**ctivity

**8.** **A. ch**ampion **B. ch**ildren **C.** a**ch**ieve **D.** s**ch**ool

**9.** **A.** ins**t**ead **B.** scien**t**ist **C.** men**t**ion **D.** au**t**omobile

**10.** **A.** p**a**goda **B.** c**a**lendar **C.** m**a**nage **D.** c**a**ndied

**11.** **A.** ar**e**a **B.** probl**e**m **C.** coll**e**ge **D.** r**e**mote

**12.** **A.** pa**g**oda **B. g**eneration **C.** a**g**rarian **D.** su**g**ared

**13.** **A.** dis**a**ster **B.** don**a**te **C.** m**a**rtyr **D.** f**a**ther

**14.** **A.** disadvant**a**ge **B.** man**a**ge **C.** underst**a**nd **D.** orphan**a**ge

**15.** **A.** webs**i**te **B. i**ron **C.** f**i**gure **D.** prov**i**de

**16.** **A.** volun**t**ary **B.** lis**t**en **C.** s**t**imulate **D.** disas**t**er

**17.** **A.** k**u**mquat **B.** n**u**mber **C.** pop**u**lar **D.** l**u**cky

**18.** **A.** den**y** **B.** difficult**y** **C.** activit**y** **D.** man**y**

**19.** **A.** shr**i**ne **B.** housew**i**fe **C.** valent**i**ne **D.** telev**i**sion

**20.** **A.** mon**th**s **B.** al**th**ough **C. th**rough **D.** mara**th**on

**PART II - Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the rest**

**1.** **A.** question **B.** arrive **C.** prevent **D.** receipt

**2.** **A.** similarity **B.** voluntarilyC. enthusiasm **D.** opportunity

**3.** **A.** provide **B.** comfort **C.** listen **D.** often

**4.** **A.** physical **B.** stimulate **C.** handicapped **D.** understand

**5.** **A.** awareness **B.** distribute **C.** improvement **D.** volunteer

**6.** **A.** wonderful **B.** popular **C.** champion **D.** enjoyment

**7.** **A.** excursion **B.** disaster **C.** organize **D.** vacation

**8.** **A.** disadvantage **B.** activity **C.** generation **D.** disappointed

**9.** **A.** decorate **B.** procedure **C.** athletic **D.** exciting

**10.** **A.** suffer **B.** shortage **C.** nation **D.** receive

**11.** **A.** ashamed **B.** martyr **C.** award **D.** achieve

**12.** **A.** exercise **B.** implement **C.** represent **D.** policy

**13.** **A.** orphanage **B.** remember **C.** announcement **D.** encourage

**14.** **A.** important **B.** different **C.** example **D.** assistance

**15.** **A.** educational **B.** representative **C.** enthusiastic **D.** similarity

**16.** **A.** longevity **B.** championship **C.** available **D.** officially

**17.** **A.** sponsor **B.** dessert **C.** private **D.** offer

**18.** **A.** expensive **B.** influence **C.** performance **D.** invalid

**19.** **A.** society **B.** participate **C.** voluntary **D.** particular

**20.** **A.** believe **B.** visit **C.** enough **D.** require

**PART III – Complete the following sentences with the correct forms of the words in the brackets**

**1.** I have just submitted a written \_\_\_\_\_\_ for a driving license. (apply)

**2.** Thomas was so \_\_\_\_\_\_ that he could successfully climb the Mount. Everest. (courage)

**3.** This book provides us with a vivid \_\_\_\_\_\_ of life in Ancient Rome. (describe)

**4.** My grandparents want to spend their \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the countryside. (retire)

**5.** \_\_\_\_\_\_, people get together and have dinner with roast turkeys on Thanksgiving. (tradition)

**6.** Daniel has made a \_\_\_\_\_\_ contribution to the success of our team. (value)

**7.** Mark does \_\_\_\_\_\_ work for the Red Cross after retiring from her company. (volunteer)

**8.** I cannot live \_\_\_\_\_\_ on my salary as a fresher. (comfort)

**9.** The implementation of the new system is made with the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of all employees. (cooperate)

**10.** Johnny made a small \_\_\_\_\_\_ to charity with his saving. (donate)

**11.** Those students are studying the \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the cultures of Asian countries. (similar)

**12.** Cuc Phuong is one of the most famous \_\_\_\_\_\_ parks in Vietnam. (nation)

**13.** \_\_\_\_\_\_, no one has been injured after this unannounced earthquake. (luck)

**14.** I cannot think of any possible \_\_\_\_\_\_ for Jane’s recent absence. (explain)

**15.** These exhaust fumes are extremely \_\_\_\_\_\_ to people’s health. (danger)

**16.** Olympic Games attract thousands of \_\_\_\_\_\_ all over the world. (participate)

**17.** Most of the houses in my village have been gradually \_\_\_\_\_\_ with new technology. (modern)

**18.** With \_\_\_\_\_\_ from her parents, Mary has passed her final examinations with flying colors. (courage)

**19.** These \_\_\_\_\_\_ give blood twice a year. (donate)

**20.** Hannah never feels \_\_\_\_\_\_ about doing gardening on weekend. (comfort)

**21.** Students will be easily \_\_\_\_\_\_ from reading in case the texts are too long and complicated. (courage)

**22.** The match between Real Madrid and Manchester United is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_\_ matches I’ve ever seen. (excite)

**23.** These students had great \_\_\_\_\_\_ in concentrating on their lessons. (difficult)

**24.** Some parents are unable to control the bad \_\_\_\_\_\_ of their children. (behave)

**25.** The government is promoting a program to help the economically \_\_\_\_\_\_ children. (advantage)

**26.** Mary leaves our cheerleading team without any \_\_\_\_\_\_ during the final round. (explain)

**27.** My younger sister works \_\_\_\_\_\_ for Vingroup as an internship. (volunteer)

**28.** It is sad that some people with mental illness have to be \_\_\_\_\_\_ isolated. (society)

**29.** Jack tried to keep his team \_\_\_\_\_\_ with others during the contest. (compete)

**30.** Teachers want to encourage greater \_\_\_\_\_\_ from students in those sporting activities. (participate)

**31.** It requires great \_\_\_\_\_\_ to guess what the end of this film will be. (imagine)

**32.** Thanks so much, Dr. Brown! Your lectures are both interesting and \_\_\_\_\_\_. (instruct)

**33.** Tom’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ in God has given him more hope during the competition. (believe)

**34.** We teach students with different \_\_\_\_\_\_ in international schools. (nation)

**35.** The hotel has a \_\_\_\_\_\_ display of plants and flowers at the front desks. (decorate)

**36.** The audience applauded \_\_\_\_\_\_ when Johnny finished his speech about illiteracy. (enthuse)

**37.** China is the most \_\_\_\_\_\_ country in Asia. (populate)

**38.** It is \_\_\_\_\_\_ that Tom has been seriously ill on his first job interview. (believe)

**39.** Children are expected to develop their artistic \_\_\_\_\_\_ at their young age. (create)

**40.** Hannah has been successful in her first project beyond her \_\_\_\_\_\_. (expect)

**PART IV – Choose the best answer**

**Vocabulary**

**1. The main purpose of the singing contest is to raise the spirit of solidarity among members of the same classes.**

**A. stimulate B. recite C. sponsor D. observe**

**2. After the representatives had finished their performances, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ announced the winner.**

**A. audience B. spectators C. judges D. participants**

**3. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of three classes will take part in the final round of the competition.**

**A. representatives B. participations C. competitions D. interviewees**

**4. Please wait for further \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the storm before going outside.**

**A. recitation B. score C. award D. announcement**

**5. Road to Mount Olympia is an annual \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for high school students.**

**A. singing contest B. athletics meeting C. art competition D. general knowledge quiz**

**6. The candidates have to compete \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ each other to win the prize.**

**A. against B. at C. to D. on**

**7. Participating in the English club provides you many chances to improve your speaking skills.**

**A. lucks B. rewards C. lessons D. opportunities**

**8. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that the world population will reach the milestone of 10 billion in the next 10 years.**

**A. increased B. decreased C. reached D. expected**

**9. There has been a significant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the rate of inflation that makes everything more and more expensive.**

**A. rise B. decline C. support D. drop**

**10. We need to control the world population by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strict reward and punishment policies.**

**A. controlling B. implementing C. populating D. increasing**

**11. Drinking accounts \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ almost 80% of road accidents.**

**A. in B. on C. to D. for**

**12. Population needs to be put under control by good family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. planning B. action C. method D. control**

**13. The low death \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is often blamed for the population explosion.**

**A. mark B. shortage C. rate D. figure**

**14.** The rapid growth of population led to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of housing.

A. shortfall    B. shortcut       C. shortcoming D. shortage

15. A large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of people going to Vung Tau has caused severe traffic congestion.

A. quantity B. number C. amount D. deal

16. **Agrarian** people depend on the lunar calendar to prepare for their crops.

A. gardeners B. planters C. farmers D. highlanders

17. Jane is a very sociable girl. She likes parties and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. rituals B. ceremonies C. traditions D. celebrations

18. You should only give \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ comments at Tet to create luck for the rest of the year.

A. positive B. negative C. bad D. sorrowful

19. On the first days of Tet, everyone tries to be nice and polite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ others.

A. for B. to C. at D. for

20. Banh Chung, which is made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sticky rice, is one of Tet's special foods.

A. up B. by C. of D. for

**Grammar**

1 . They all denied \_\_\_\_ the boy.

**A**. to see **B.** of seeing **C.** having even seen **D.** ever having seen

2. Up to two thirds of 14 to 16 years old admit \_\_\_\_drink illegally.

**A.** having bought **B.** buying **C.** for buying **D.** to buy

3. Tim was accused \_\_\_\_ some top secret document.

**A.** of having stolen **B.** for stealing **C.** to have stolen **D.** to steal

4. No one can prevent us \_\_\_\_ good things.

**A.** from doing **B.** of doing **C.** to do **D.** in order to do

5. As a teacher and a leader, he wanted us \_\_\_\_ effectively.

**A.** to know how to learn **B.** knowing how to learn

**C.** have known how to learn **D**. knew how to know

6. Mary said “ I regret \_\_\_\_\_ him earlier in my life.”

**A.** not having met **B.** not to meet **C.** having not met **D.** at meeting

7. I look forward to \_\_\_\_\_ home next month.

**A.** going **B.** go **C.** have gone **D.** having gone

8. They object \_\_\_\_\_ their plans at this late date.

**A.** to changing **B.** to have changed **C.** of changing **D.** to change

9. Listen Tom ! I hear someone \_\_\_\_ the gate.

**A.** opening **B.** to open **C.** have opened **D.** opened

10. Jack \_\_\_\_\_ him my phone number.

**A.** told me to give **B.** invited me to give **C.** threatened me to give **D.** said to me to give

11 .The boss \_\_\_\_\_because he was too lazy.

A . threatened to dismiss him **B.** suggested him to dismiss

**C.** threatened him to dismiss **D.** promised him to dismiss

12. “ I will try to get back in time.” Peter \_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** promised **B.** considered **C.** completed **D.** talked

13. I have ever advised \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the hotel for reservation.

**A.** him to phone and writing

**B.** him phoning and writing

**C.** to phone and write him

**D.** him either to phone or to write

14. My classmate \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**A.** suggested going for a walk **B.** suggested us going for a walk

**C.** advised to go for a walk **D.** would like going for a walk

15. “What a beautiful dress you have, Mary!” - Micky \_\_\_\_ Mary on her beautiful dress.

**A.** complimented **B.** said **C.** congratulated **D.** told

16. “I am sorry to broke the vase,” – My little son \_\_\_\_\_breaking the vase.

**A.** admitted **B**.refused **C.** said **D.** threaten

17. “Don’t come near the barrier,” – The police \_\_\_\_me against coming near the barrier .

**A.** warned **B.** advised **C.** threatened **D.** said

18. “Thank you very much for your help, John,” - Daisy \_\_\_\_ John for helping her.

**A.** thanked **B.** told **C.** promised **D.** advised

19. “I am sorry. I can’t take you up in the lift.” – The little girl \_\_\_\_ to take me up in the lift.

**A.** refused **B.** wanted **C.** thanked suggested

20. “Go ahead, jump again ,” the instructor \_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** promised **B.** warned **C.** required **D.** advised

**PART V - Rewrite (or combine) the following sentences, using the words given**

**1.** Johnny doesn’t want to get up early because he is on his holidays. (being)

⇨

**2.** “I’ll give this book back to you tomorrow, Ferry.”, Mathew said. (to give)

⇨

**3.** I bought some foods in the market, then I cooked dinner for my beloved family. (buying)

⇨

**4.** “Sorry, teacher! I forgot to do my homework.”, Jack said. (doing)

⇨

**5.** “Go on, Hannah! You are able to win this scholarship.”, Jimmy said. (to win)

⇨

**6.** “You ought to pay more attention to these lessons, Tom”, Jerry said.

⇨ Jerry told Tom that if

**7.** Jack has lost his cellphone, so he cannot contact anyone now. (lost)

⇨

**8.** “Let me clean the board after class.”, Jun said. (on)

⇨

**9.** “You should pay a visit to this pagoda in the evening.”, the tour guide said. (to pay)

⇨

**10.** “We cannot finish this project without your help, Eric.”, Mark said.

⇨ Mark said to Eric that if

**11.** “It’s me who have broken those glasses.”, Peter said. (having)

⇨

**12.** “Abandon the ship immediately!”, the captain said to his men. (ordered)

⇨

**13.** “We couldn’t go fishing because it was raining heavily.”, Hannah said.

⇨ Hannah said that if

**14.** I washed those dishes, after that, I cleaned my house carefully. (washing)

⇨

**15.** Mary often takes a bath before she goes to work every morning. (going)

⇨

**16.** “You had better not drink too much beer before driving, Bobby.”, Ann said.

⇨ Ann told Bobby that if

**17.** “I haven’t stolen those pencils.”, Mark said. (having)

⇨

**18.** “Why don’t we have lunch in this Japanese restaurant.”, Moana said. (having)

⇨

**19.** “Don’t say anything during the test!”, the teacher said to us. (to say)

⇨

**20.** “Eat less fatty pork or you will gain weight, Amy.”, Tora said.

⇨ Tora said to Amy if

**PART VI – Reading Comprehension**

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions.**

In Britain, wedding invitations go out about six weeks before the wedding day. The guests reply as soon as possible to say if they can come or not. Choosing a present for the couple can be difficult. People don’t take their **presents** for the wedding. They send them to the woman’s house before the wedding day. Most weddings take place before lunch or in the early afternoon. Many people like to get married in church. The bride often wears a long white dress. Guests wear their best clothes and most of the women wear hats. In the church, the bride’s family sits on the left and the groom’s one sits on the right. Married people wear their wedding rings on the third finger of the left hand. Most married women wear wedding rings, but married men often do not.

**1:** When do the British have to send wedding invitations?

**A.** no need to send **B.** after the wedding day

**C.** in the wedding day **D.** before the wedding day

**2:** Many people like to hold their wedding ceremony \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** in church **B.** at home **C.** at a restaurant **D.** in a park

**3:** The word **presents** synonyms with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** hats **B.** flowers **C.** gifts **D.** fingers

**4:** People who accept the invitations have to send their presents to the couple.

**A.** It is not easy to choose a present for the couple.

**B.** According the passage, which of the following is NOT true?

**C.** Married people wear their wedding rings on the third finger of the right hand.

**D.** Invitations are sent out some weeks before the wedding day.

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions.**

The most important celebration holiday in China is the New Year. At this time shops are closed. The people celebrate by feasting, by paying friendly calls to their neighbors, and by visiting the temples to make promises for the New Year. Children parade through the streets carrying colorful lanterns and paper figures. Firecrackers similar to those used in the United States on the Fourth of July are set off. In fact, on the night that the New Year's celebration begins, the exploding fireworks make so much noise that no one is able to sleep.

The time of the New Year is also the time at which Chinese people refresh their homes. For example, the windows, which are made of thick rice paper, are torn down, and new **ones** are put up. This is also the time during which people pay their debts. Every man tries to settle all his bills before the beginning of the New Year.

**5:** No one is able to sleep on the night that the New Year's celebration begins because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** fireworks make noise **B.** they pay their debts

**C.** their children carry colorful lanterns and paper figures. **D.** they explode fireworks

**6:** The word "**ones** "in the second paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** windows **B.** homes **C.** Chinese people **D.** rice paper

**7:** Which of the following sentences is not true?

**A.** Everyone explodes fireworks.

**B.** Children parade through the streets.

**C.** People feast and call to their neighbors friendly.

**D.** Chinese people try to pay debts before the New Year.

**8:** This article as a whole is about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** The Chinese New Year **B.** New Year's promises **C.** holiday China **D.** paying debts

**Choose the best option to complete the blanks in the following passage:**

The FIFA Women's World Cup is the (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ important international competition in woman's football. Contested (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ four years, the first women's world cup tournament, named the Women's world championship, was held in 1991, 61 years after the men first FIFA World Cup tournament in 1930. The current format has 16 (11)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ compete every four years for the winner trophy. Of the first four tournaments held, the USA has won the championship twice. Since its first tournament, the Women’s World Cup has continued to grow in popularity. FIFA estimates that there are currently forty millions girls and women (12)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ football around the world, and the number of women will equal to the number of men by 2010.

**9:** **A.** almost **B.** mostly **C.** more **D.** most

**10:** **A.** event **B.** none **C.** even **D.** every

**11:** **A.** people **B.** teams **C.** groups **D.** footballers

**12:** **A.** running **B.** getting **C.** growing **D.** playing

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions.**

The population of the world has increased more in the modern times than in all other ages of history combined. World population totaled about 500 million in 1650. It doubled in the period from 1650-1850. Today the population is over seven billion. Estimates based on research by the United Nations indicate that it will increase to over 10 billion by the turn of the century.

With recent advances in science and technology, including improved agricultural methods and great strides in medicine, some of the limiting factors in population growth have been lessened, with obvious results. International organizations have put forward several recommendations to alleviate the problem of overpopulation, including an increase in food production, general economic development in target areas, and a decrease in birth rates. Most experts agree that it will be necessary to combine all these recommendations in an effort to affect a lasting solution.

**13:** The best title for the ideas in the passage is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** The United Nations’ Estimate **B.** Limiting Factors in Population Growth

**C.** Ways to end population explosion **D.** World Population – concerns and solutions

**14:** Which sentences bellow is NOT true according to the passage?

**A.** Great strides in medicine have helped to reduce the death-rate.

**B.** The population decreased dramatically in the period from 1650-1850.

**C.** The population of the world has increased more in the modern times.

**D.** A decrease in birth rates is one of the three recommendations in an effort to affect a lasting solution.

**15:** What have helped to lessen the limiting factors in population growth?

**A.** drawbacks of science **B.** improved technology

**C.** weak cultural methods **D.** lack of medicine.

**16:** What do most experts recommend in order to solve problems of overpopulation?

**A.** Conservation of available resources

**B.** Famine and epidemic

**C.** Medical advances and improved agricultural methods

**D.** Economic development and a decrease in the birth rate

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions.**

Thanksgiving is celebrated in the US on the fourth Thursday in November. For many Americans it is the most important holiday apart from Christmas. Schools, offices and most businesses close for Thanksgiving, and many people make the whole weekend a vacation.

Thanksgiving is associated with the time when Europeans first came to North America. In 1620 the ship the Mayflowers arrived, bringing about 150 people who today are usually called Pilgrims. They arrived at the beginning of a very hard winter and could not find enough to eat, so many of them died. But in the following summer Native Americans showed them what foods were safe to eat, so that they could save food for the next winter. They held a big celebration to thank God and the Native Americans for the fact that they had survived. Today people celebrate Thanksgiving to remember these early days.

The most important part of the celebration is a traditional dinner with foods that come from North America. The meal includes turkey, sweet potatoes (also called yams) and cranberries, which are made into a kind of sauce or jelly. The turkey is filled with stuffing or dressing, and many families have their own special recipe. Dessert is pumpkin made into a pie.

On Thanksgiving there are special television programs and sports events. In New York there is the Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade, when a long line of people wearing fancy costumes march through the streets with large balloons in the shape of imaginary characters. Thanksgiving is considered the beginning of the Christmas period, and the next day many people go out to shop for Christmas presents.

**17:** In the United States, Thanksgiving \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** is not apart from Christmas

**B.** is more important than Christmas

**C.** may not be celebrated on the same date every year

**D.** is a religious celebration held by Christians only

**18:** According to the passage Pilgrims are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** people who travelled to America by ships

**B.** people who moved to North America in the early 17th century

**C.** people who lived in North America before the Mayflowers arrived

**D.** trips that religious people make to a holy place

**19:** All of the following statements are mentioned EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** There are lots of entertainments on Thanksgiving.

**B.** People go to churches for religious services on Thanksgiving.

**C.** People usually have traditional dinners on Thanksgiving.

**D.** People celebrate Thanksgiving to thank God.

**20:** On Thanksgiving \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** people wear coloured carnival masks matching through the streets

**B.** people join in the Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade

**C.** turkey, yams and pumpkin pies are served

**D.** people go out to shop for Christmas presents

**21:** Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

**A.** Thanksgiving was originally celebrated by the first Europeans in North America.

**B.** The Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parades are colourful and exciting.

**C.** In the US, Thanksgiving is not a national holiday; it's a religious holiday.—

**D.** Christmas comes less than a month after Thanksgiving.

**Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the questions.**

In Viet Nam, there is great excitement built up well before Tet Nguyen Dan. First, every family organizes a trip to the cemetery to visit the graves of their ancestor. After that, to create an air of prosperity, wealth and fun for the first three days of the Lunar New Year, people are kept busy cooking traditional foods, buying gifts, and making other preparations. Certain items deemed to be bought or made are **banh chung**, dried watermelon seeds, tea, dried sausages, fruit (fresh and candied), ornamental plants and flowers. Red and yellow flowers are ideal as they make the house more welcoming. On the New Year’s days, only good comments and wishes can be expressed. Children receive their **li xi** (or red envelopes with lucky money inside). People make a visit to family members, neighbors, and close friends. And people who live apart from their family try to get together on these days. Clearly enough, games and various forms of entertainment are staged and these often last a week. Varying traditional specialties including wrestling, buffalo fighting, dragon or unicorn dancing take place in different regions.

**23:** Before Tet, people usually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** rebuild their ancestral graves **B.** spend time on traveling

**C.** are very busy with the preparations **D.** have great excitement and fun

**24:** On the New Year’s days, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** people are busy cooking traditional foods

**B.** houses are cleaned and decorated with trees and flowers

**C.** only good comments can be made

**D.** everybody receives their “lucky money”

**25:** Why are red and yellow flowers popular in decorating the house at Tet?

**A.** Because they represent good luck.

**B.** Because they are attractive and cheap.

**C.** Because they are friendly and pleasant.

**D.** Because they make the house look comfortable to be in.

**26:** Which of the following activities is not mentioned in the passage?

**A.** wrestling **B.** unicorn dancing **C.** playing football **D.** buffalo fighting

**Read the passage and choose the word or phrase that best fits each gap.-**

Vietnamese Tet is the most important festival of the Vietnamese people. Tet is the abbreviation of Tet Nguyen Dan which means the first (27)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the first day of the new period. Tet marks the beginning of a new year on the lunar calendar, and the beginning of Spring.

Tet is a huge celebration lasting three days. Families save money, store food, and plan far in advance for Tet. People buy new clothes, paint and clean their homes, cook three days’ worth of food, and pay off all (28)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The marketplace is very busy the week before Tet, as people buy food, firecrackers, flowers, and other items before the holiday. Food is plentiful, homes are (29)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, parks are full of crowds of people dressed in their best new clothes, and for three days the people have a celebration.

Tet is a time for visits from family and friends. The first visitor to a home is very (30)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. If the first visitor is rich, or happy then the family will have (31)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fortune that year. The first day of Tet is reserved for visiting family and relatives. The second day is set aside for special guests and close friends to visit, and the third day is for (32)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and business associates .

**27:** **A.** morning **B.** eve **C.** evening **D.** afternoon

**28:** **A.** debts **B.** enemy **C.** income **D.** outcome

**29:** **A.** rented **B.** decorated **C.** sold **D.** rebuilt

**30:** **A.** funny **B.** simple **C.** terrible **D.** important

**31:** **A.** bad **B.** good **C.** new **D.** old

**32:** **A.** tourists **B.** foreigners **C.** teachers **D.** teenagers